PROGRAMME

OF THE

RE-OPENING CEREMONY

WELLCOME
BUREAU OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

AND

MUSEUM OF MEDICAL SCIENCE

(INCLUDING TROPICAL MEDICINE AND HYGIENE)

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 8TH, 1926

3 FOR 3.15 P.M.

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WELLCOME
LIBRARY
General Collections
P
2313

THE WELLCOME BUREAU OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH AND MUSEUM OF MEDICAL SCIENCE

25-28, Endsleigh Gardens, Gordon Square, London

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PROCEEDINGS

The Guests will assemble in the Hall at the Headquarters of the Society of Friends, who have kindly permitted the meeting to be held there. They will enter the Hall by the door on the South Side of Endsleigh Gardens, immediately opposite Taviton Street.

After the Ceremony the Guests will be conducted to the adjacent MUSEUM and BUREAU, where they are invited to inspect the Exhibits and Demonstrations.

The Plans on *pages* 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22 *and* 24 indicate the most convenient itinerary.

Re-Opening Ceremony

The Right Hon. Neville Chamberlain, M.P.,

Minister of Health,

will preside

and deliver an Introductory Speech.

Sir Walter Fletcher, K.B.E., M.D., F.R.C.P., F.R.S.,

Secretary of the Medical Research Council,

will deliver an Address entitled

Research and Citizenship.

SIR JOHN ROSE BRADFORD, K.C.M.G., C.B., C.B.E.,
M.D., D.Sc., F.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., F.R.S.,
PRESIDENT OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS
OF ENGLAND

will propose a Vote of Thanks to

THE RIGHT HON. NEVILLE CHAMBERLAIN

AND

SIR WALTER FLETCHER.

SIR JOHN BLAND-SUTTON, BART., LL.D., M.D., F.R.C.S.,

PAST-PRESIDENT OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS
OF ENGLAND

will second the Vote of Thanks.

THE RIGHT HON. NEVILLE CHAMBERLAIN

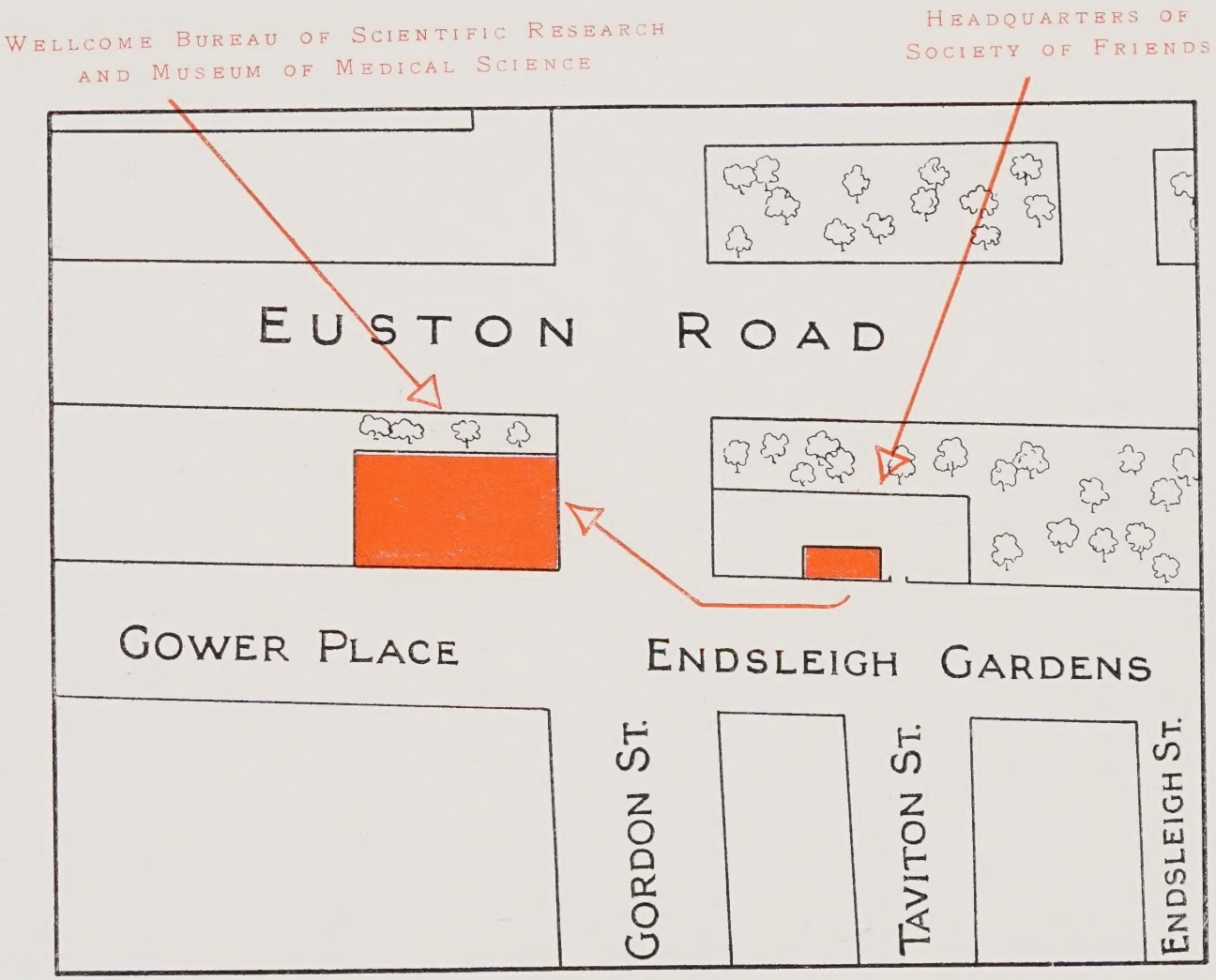
will declare the

WELLCOME BUREAU OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

AND

MUSEUM OF MEDICAL SCIENCE

re-opened.



PLAN SHOWING ROUTE FROM PLACE OF ASSEMBLY FOR RE-OPENING CEREMONY TO WELLCOME BUREAU OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH AND MUSEUM OF MEDICAL SCIENCE

INSPECTION

OF THE

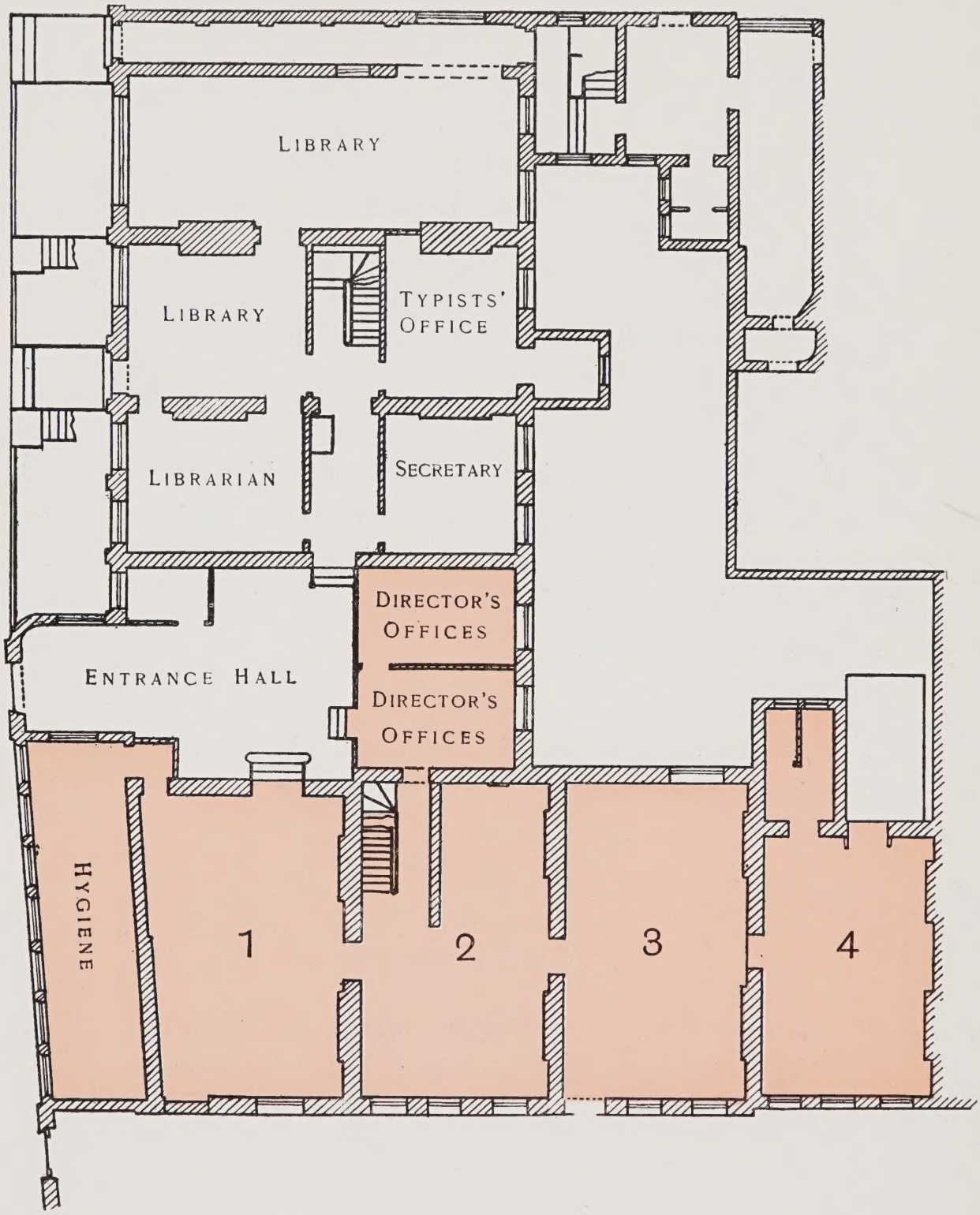
MUSEUM AND LABORATORIES

Guests are advised to follow the itinerary on the following pages and to commence their inspection on the Ground Floor of the Museum, which is entered by the door on the right of the Entrance Hall.

If Guests follow this route they will make a circuit of the Museum and Laboratories.

REFRESHMENTS

Refreshments will be available from 4 to 6 o'clock in the Library on the Ground Floor and in the Board Room on the First Floor (*see Plans, pages* 22 *and* 24).



PLAN OF GROUND FLOOR
WELLCOME MUSEUM OF MEDICAL SCIENCE
Halls 1, 2, 3 and 4, Tinted in Red

Museum of Medical Science

Ground Floor

The Entrance Hall to the Museum contains three Tableaux illustrating medical progress—an African medicine man at work, a mediæval alchemist in his cell, and a modern laboratory bench.

The other Halls on this Floor deal with diseases caused by Metazoa—venomous beasts, worms, etc.

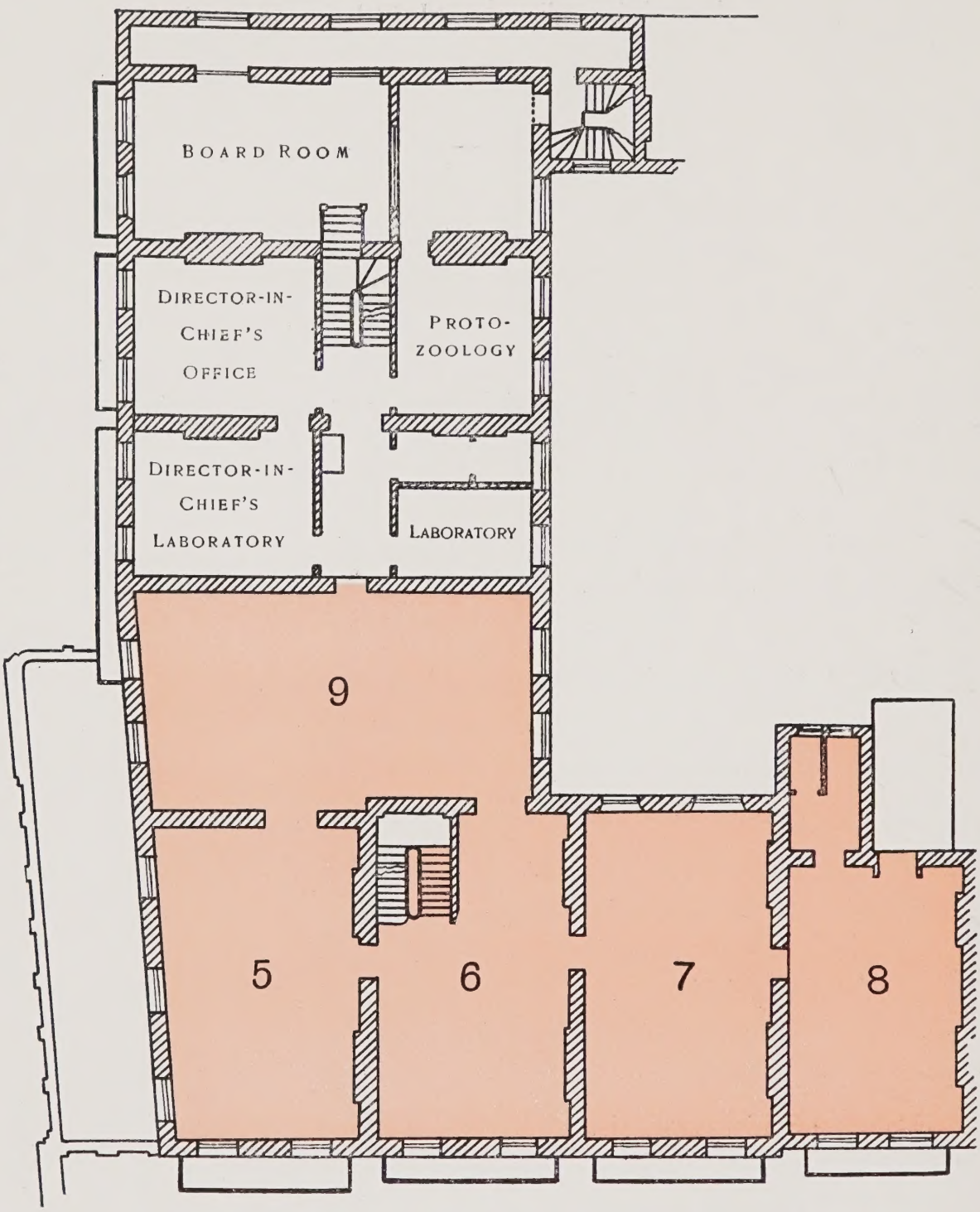
Hall 1—Tableaux illustrating medical progress.

Hall 2—Venomous beasts.
Insect invasion of the human body.

Hall 3—General helminthology.
Ancylostomiasis.
Filariasis.
Other nematode infections.

Hall 4—Schistosomiasis.
Other trematode infections.
Cestode diseases.

Guests who have inspected this Floor may pass to the First Floor by the staircase from Hall 2.



PLAN OF FIRST FLOOR

WELLCOME MUSEUM OF MEDICAL SCIENCE

Halls 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, Tinted in Red

Museum of Medical Science

First Floor

This Floor is devoted to diseases caused by Protozoa and Spirochætes, while one Hall is given to Leprosy and Tuberculosis.

Hall 5—General Protozoology.
Trypanosomiasis—Sleeping sickness.
Leishmaniasis—Kala azar and Oriental sore.

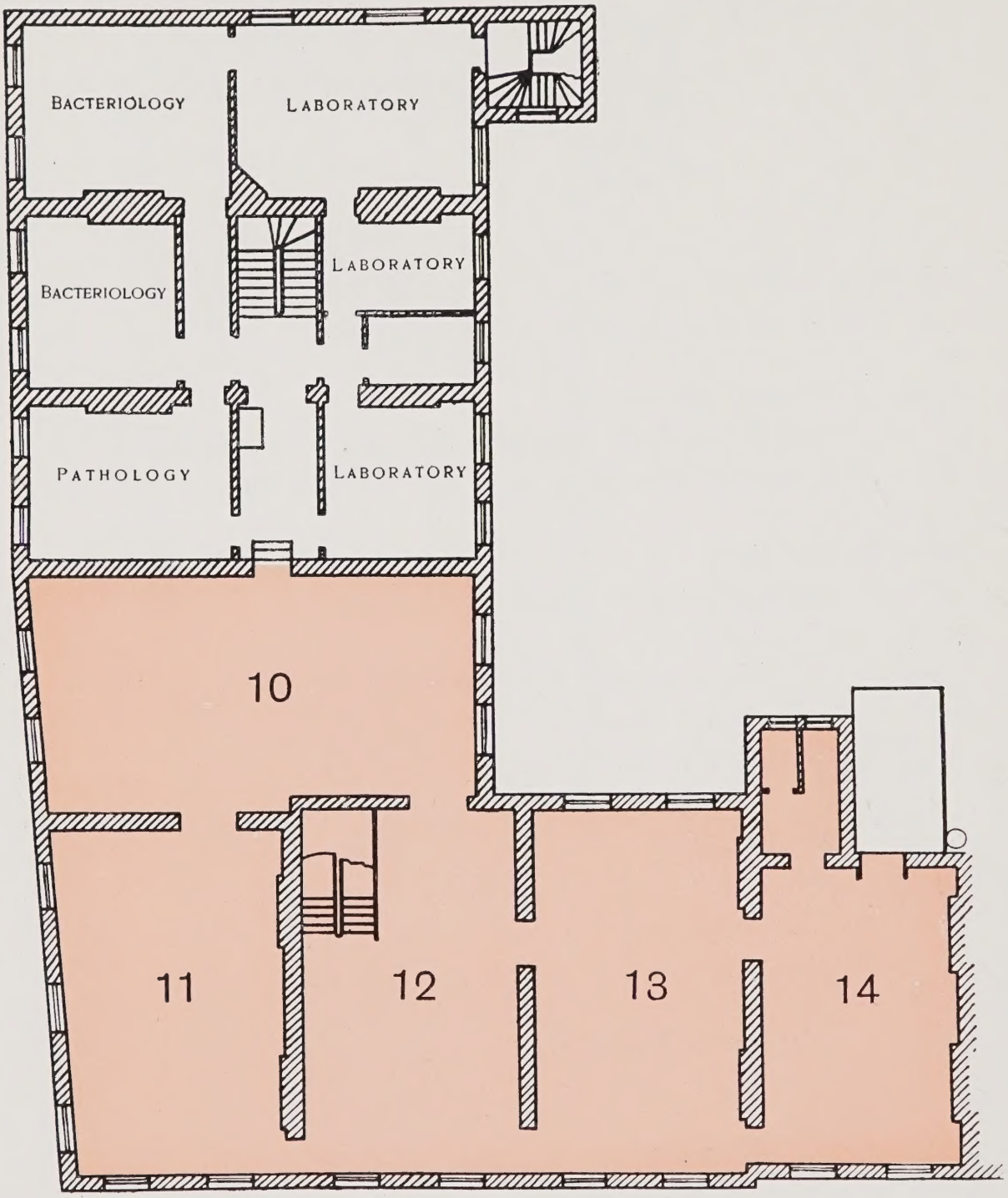
Hall 6—Malaria.
Blackwater fever.

Hall 7—Amœbic dysentery and abscess of the liver.
Spirochætal Diseases—
Relapsing fever.
Weil's disease.
Rat-bite fever.
Yellow fever.
(Phlebotomus fever).
(Dengue).

Hall 8—Spirochætal Diseases.
Syphilis.
Yaws.

Hall 9—Leprosy.
Tuberculosis.

Guests who have inspected this Floor may pass to the Second Floor by the staircase from Hall 6.



PLAN OF SECOND FLOOR

WELLCOME MUSEUM OF MEDICAL SCIENCE

Halls 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14, Tinted in Red

Museum of Medical Science

Second Floor

This Floor has a large exhibit dealing with Skin Diseases and the various Exanthemata. Three Halls are devoted to Bacterial Diseases (apart from Tuberculosis and Leprosy, already dealt with on the First Floor) and one to certain Infectious Diseases of doubtful and unknown causation.

Hall 10—Small-pox.
Chicken-pox.
Alastrim.
Vaccinia.
Scarlet fever.
Rubella.
Measles.
Skin diseases.

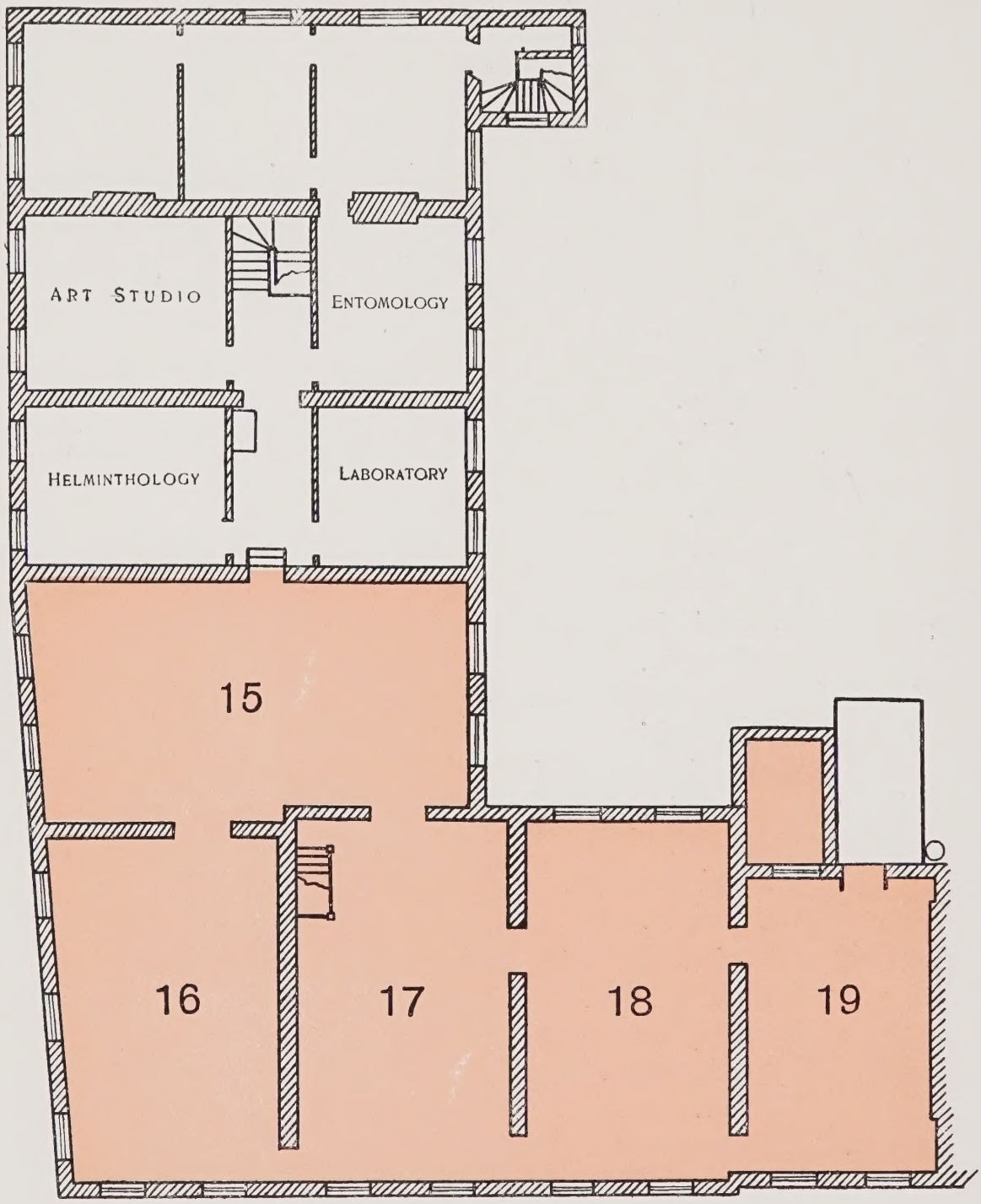
Hall 11—Pyogenic infections.
Septicæmia.
Cerebro-spinal meningitis.
Poliomyelitis.
Lethargic encephalitis.
Pneumonia.
Influenza.
Whooping cough.
Gonorrhœa.

Hall 12—Intestinal Bacterial Diseases.
Undulant fever.
Bacillary dysentery.
Typhoid fever.
Cholera.

Hall 13—Other Bacterial Diseases.
Plague.
Diphtheria, etc.

Hall 14—Infectious Diseases of doubtful and unknown origin.

Guests who have inspected this Floor may pass to the Third Floor by the staircase from Hall 12.



PLAN OF THIRD FLOOR

WELLCOME MUSEUM OF MEDICAL SCIENCE

Halls 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19, Tinted in Red

Museum of Medical Science

Third Floor

This Floor deals with Dietetic Diseases, also Metabolic, Endocrine and Blood Diseases.

A section is given up to New Growths, and another to Statistics illustrating the practical results of preventive measures.

Hall 15—Food and Deficiency Diseases.

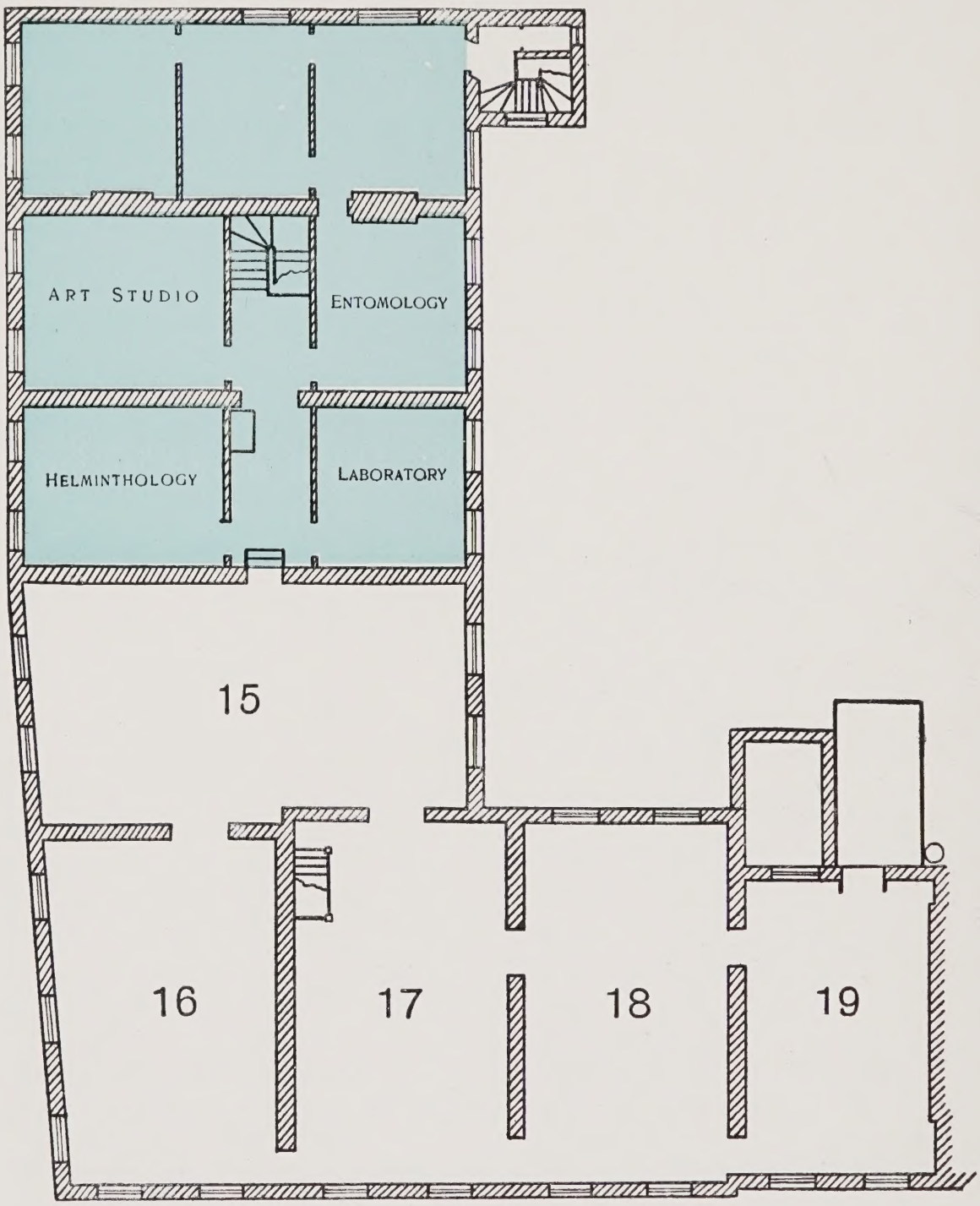
Hall 16—Metabolic and Endocrine Diseases.

Hall 17—Blood Diseases.

Hall 18—New Growths.

Hall 19—Statistics.

Guests who have inspected the Third Floor of the Museum may pass to the Third Floor of the Bureau by way of a door leading from Hall 15.



PLAN OF THIRD FLOOR
WELLCOME BUREAU OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

Tinted in Blue

Bureau of Scientific Research

Laboratories and Demonstrations

Third Floor

Helminthology—

(1) Unsegmented tape-worms of the genus *Wenyonia,* representing an entirely new type of the Caryophyllaeidæ.

(2) Slides and living specimens, showing range and size of *Hymenolepis nana,* a tape-worm of mice and human beings.

(3) The scolex of *Dinobothrium septaria,* probably the largest head to be found amongst the Cestoda or tape-worms.

(4) Free living nematodes in culture on agar plates.

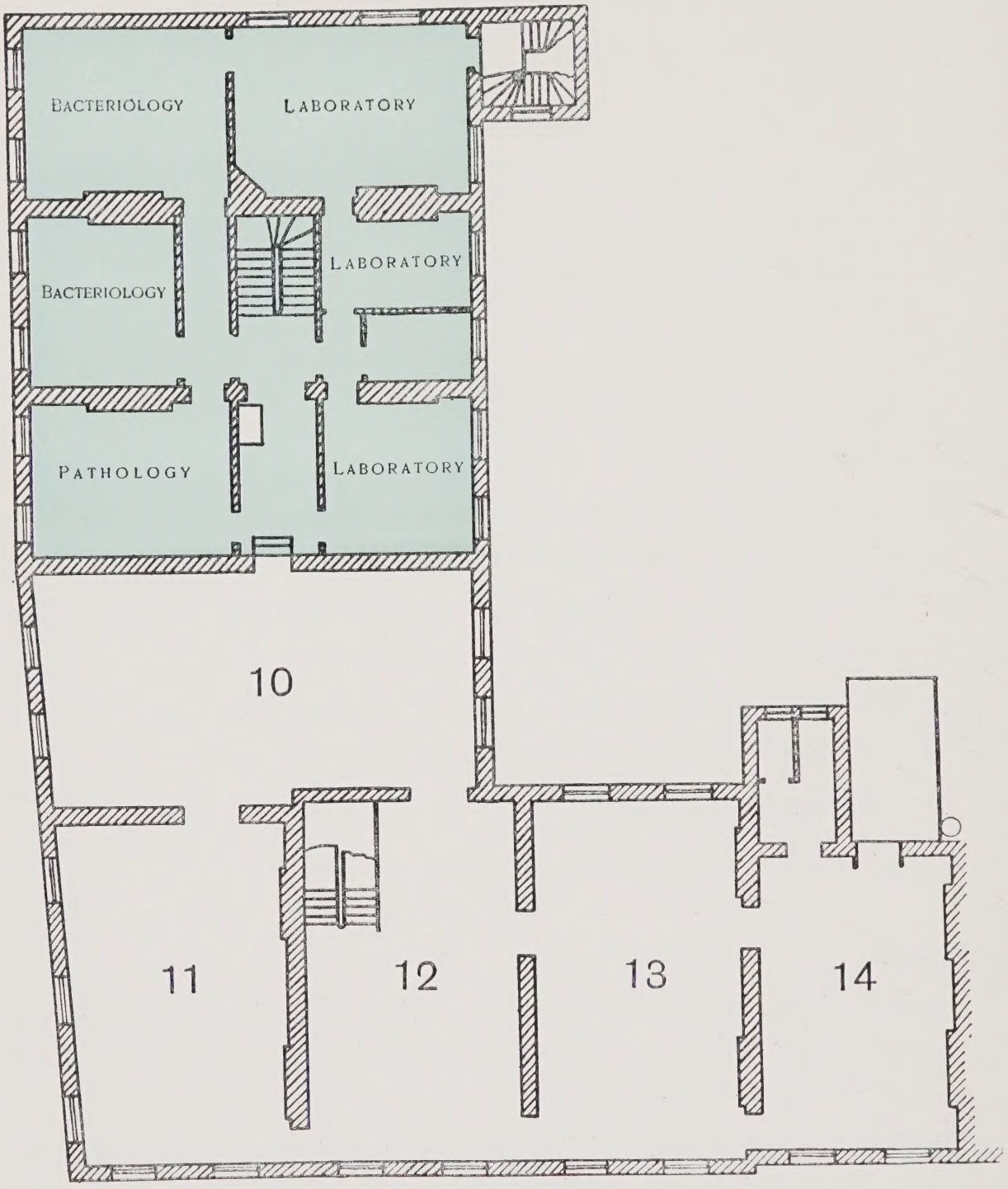
(5) Microfilariæ found in blood of man.

Entomology—

(6) The tick, *Ornithodorus moubata,* which transmits relapsing fever in Central Africa. All stages of its life-history illustrated by living specimens.

(7) British mosquitoes. Living specimens to illustrate the stages in which they pass the winter.

Guests who have inspected this Floor may pass to the Second Floor by way of the staircase.



PLAN OF SECOND FLOOR
WELLCOME BUREAU OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

Tinted in Blue

Bureau of Scientific Research

Second Floor

Bacteriology—

(8) The usual methods adopted for the differentiation of pathogenic bacteria and the specific action of bacteria upon certain organic salts which are especially useful for the identification of the food-poisoning organisms.

(9) Various methods employed in the standardization of bacteria in suspensions, chiefly of use in the preparation of vaccines.

(10) The leptospira of infectious jaundice or Weil's disease and the free living form which is commonly found in water supplies, and is occasionally pathogenic to laboratory animals, in which it produces symptoms resembling those of infectious jaundice.

Pathology—

(11) The leptospira of Weil's disease in the kidney tubules of man, rat and guinea-pig.

(12) Brain in general paralysis heavily infected with *Treponema pallidum*.

(13) Section of an anthrax pustule from man.

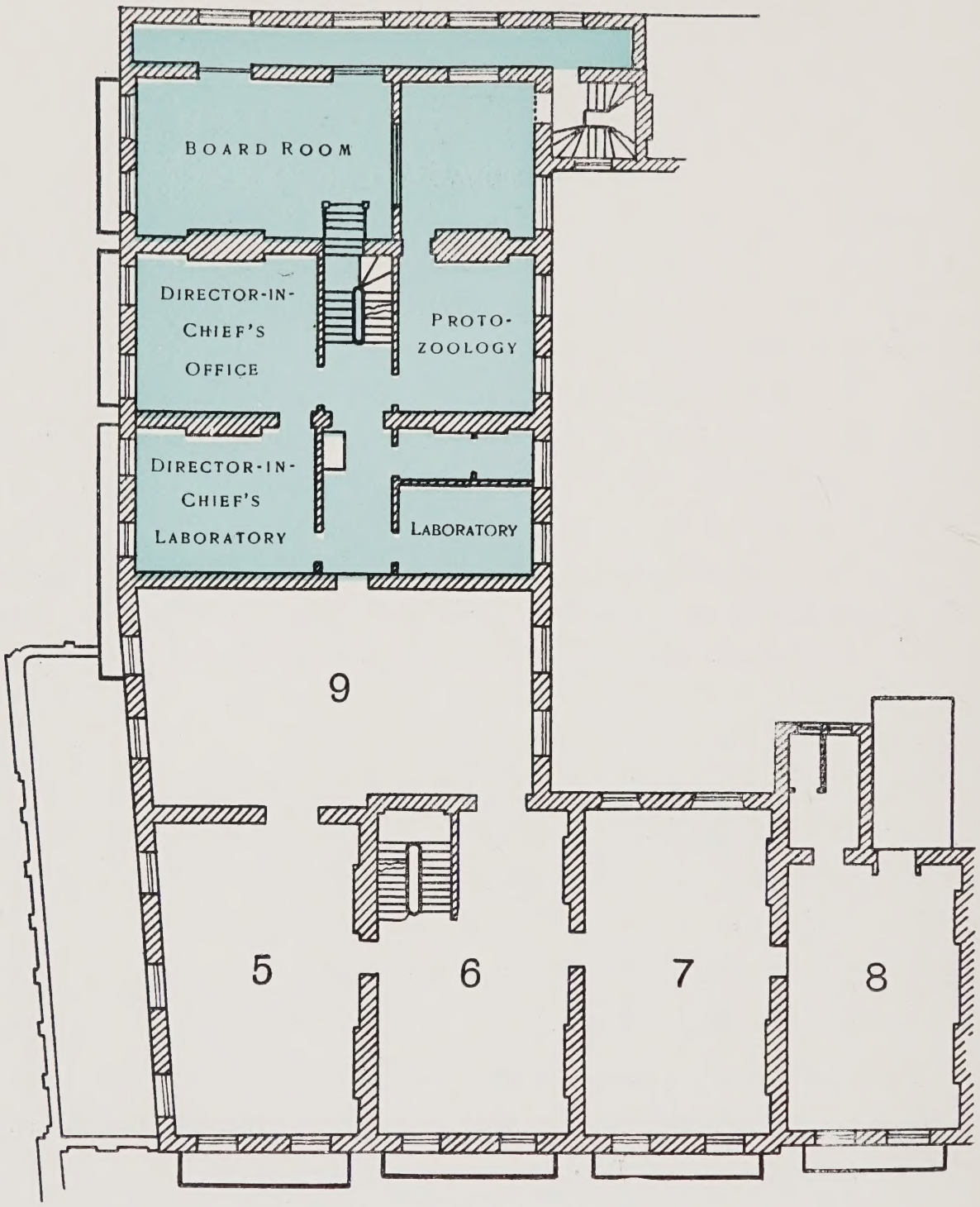
(14) Human actinomycosis.

(15) Smear of nasal mucus and tissues, showing *Bacillus lepræ*.

(16) Section of brain of a case of sleeping sickness, showing *Trypanosoma gambiense* in tissues.

(17) The development of the human filaria, *Loa loa*, in the mangrove fly.

Guests who have inspected this Floor may pass to the First Floor by way of the staircase.



PLAN OF FIRST FLOOR

WELLCOME BUREAU OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

Tinted in Blue

Refreshments will be served in the Board Room

FIRST FLOOR

Protozoology—

(18) The life-history of the human malarial parasite as seen in blood films and preparations of the organs of anopheline mosquitoes.

(19) The life cycle of the common trypanosome of British sheep as seen in the blood films and preparations of the intestine of its transmitting host, the sheep ked.

(20) Living and stained specimens of—

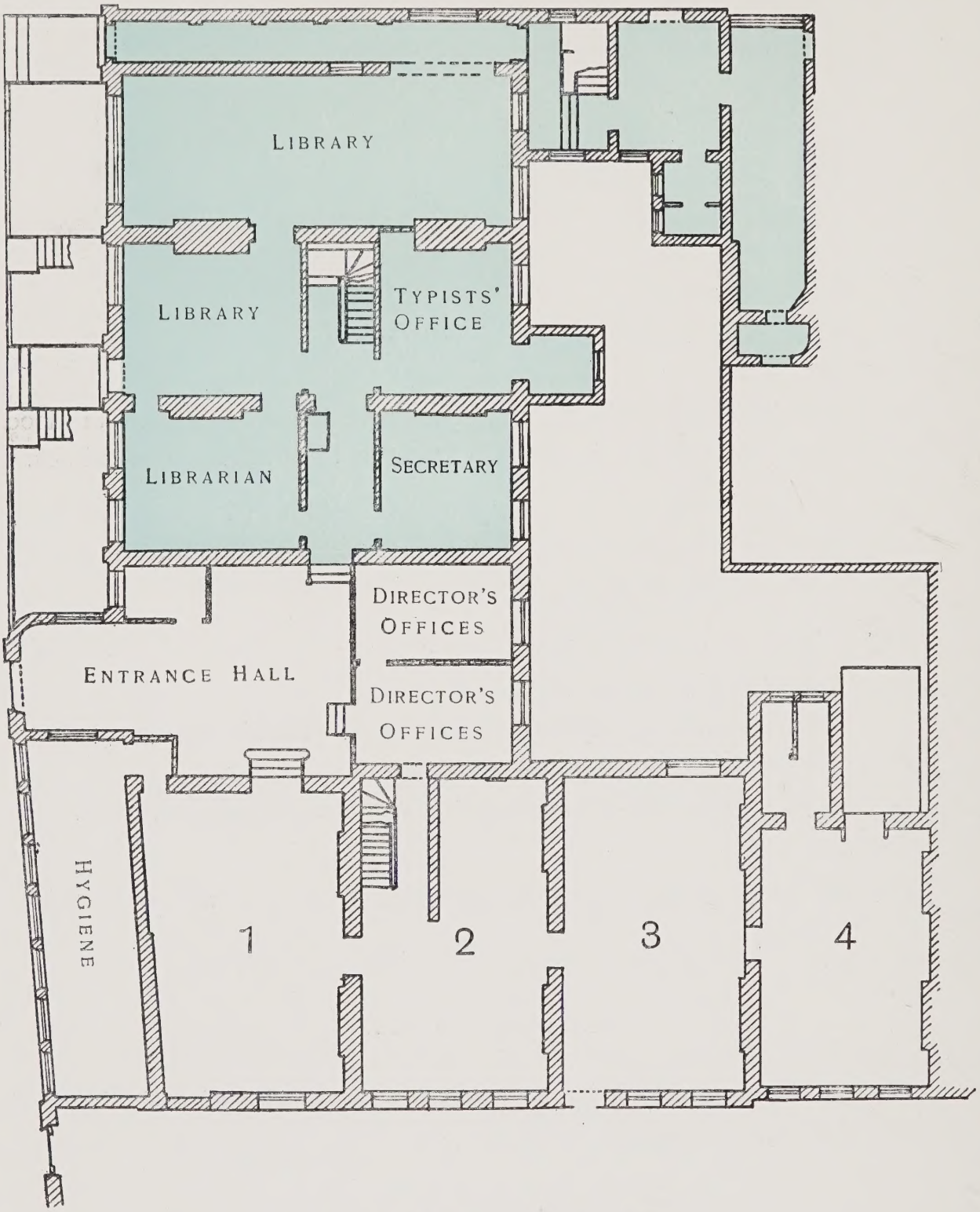
(*a*) *Spirillum minus* of rat-bite fever.
(*b*) *Entamœba histolytica*—the cause of amœbic dysentery.
(*c*) *Leishmania donovani*—the cause of kala azar.
(*d*) *Trypanosoma gambiense*—the cause of sleeping sickness.

On this Floor is the Board Room where Refreshments are served.

GROUND FLOOR

On this Floor are the Library (used for the service of Refreshments) and Administrative Offices.

(*See Plan on page* 24)



PLAN OF GROUND FLOOR
WELLCOME BUREAU OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH
Tinted in Blue

Refreshments will be served in the Library